

**ELECTRONIC INFORMATION OR DATA PRIVACY**

2019 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Craig Hall**

Senate Sponsor: Todd Weiler

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**LONG TITLE**

**General Description:**

This bill modifies provisions related to privacy of electronic information or data.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- ▶ defines terms;
- ▶ requires issuance of a search warrant to obtain certain electronic information or data;
- ▶ addresses notification that electronic information or data was obtained;
- ▶ provides for transmission of electronic information or data to a remote computing service, including restrictions on government entities;
- ▶ provides that the individual who transmits electronic information or data is the presumed owner of the electronic information or data;
- ▶ provides for the exclusion of electronic information or data obtained without a warrant; and
- ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

**Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

None

**Other Special Clauses:**

None

**Utah Code Sections Affected:**

AMENDS:

**77-23c-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 161

30 **77-23c-103**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 223

31 ENACTS:

32 **77-23c-101.1**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

33 **77-23c-104**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

34 **77-23c-105**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

35 RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:

36 **77-23c-101.2**, (Renumbered from 77-23c-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014,  
37 Chapter 223)



39 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

40 Section 1. Section **77-23c-101.1** is enacted to read:

41 **CHAPTER 23c. ELECTRONIC INFORMATION OR DATA PRIVACY ACT**

42 **77-23c-101.1. Title.**

43 This chapter is known as the "Electronic Information or Data Privacy Act."

44 Section 2. Section **77-23c-101.2**, which is renumbered from Section 77-23c-101 is  
45 renumbered and amended to read:

46 ~~[**77-23c-101**].~~ **77-23c-101.2. Definitions.**

47 As used in this chapter:

48 (1) "Electronic communication service" means a service that provides to users of the  
49 service the ability to send or receive wire or electronic communications.

50 (2) "Electronic device" means a device that enables access to or use of an electronic  
51 communication service, remote computing service, or location information service.

52 [~~(3) "Government entity" means the state, a county, a municipality, a higher education  
53 institution, a local district, a special service district, or any other political subdivision of the  
54 state or an administrative subunit of any political subdivision, including a law enforcement  
55 entity or any other investigative entity, agency, department, division, bureau, board, or  
56 commission, or an individual acting or purporting to act for or on behalf of a state or local  
57 agency.]~~]

58           (3) (a) "Electronic information or data" means information or data including a sign,  
59 signal, writing, image, sound, or intelligence of any nature transmitted or stored in whole or in  
60 part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectronic, or photooptical system.

61           (b) "Electronic information or data" includes the location information, stored data, or  
62 transmitted data of an electronic device.

63           (c) "Electronic information or data" does not include:

64           (i) a wire or oral communication;

65           (ii) a communication made through a tone-only paging device; or

66           (iii) electronic funds transfer information stored by a financial institution in a  
67 communications system used for the electronic storage and transfer of money.

68           (4) "Law enforcement agency" means an entity of the state or a political subdivision of  
69 the state that exists to primarily prevent, detect, or prosecute crime and enforce criminal  
70 statutes or ordinances.

71           ~~[(4)]~~ (5) "Location information" means information, obtained by means of a tracking  
72 device, concerning the location of an electronic device that, in whole or in part, is generated or  
73 derived from or obtained by the operation of an electronic device.

74           ~~[(5)]~~ (6) "Location information service" means the provision of a global positioning  
75 service or other mapping, location, or directional information service.

76           (7) "Oral communication" means the same as that term is defined in Section [77-23a-3](#).

77           ~~[(6)]~~ (8) "Remote computing service" means the provision to the public of computer  
78 storage or processing services by means of an electronic communications system.

79           (9) "Transmitted data" means electronic information or data that is transmitted  
80 wirelessly:

81           (a) from an electronic device to another electronic device without the use of an  
82 intermediate connection or relay; or

83           (b) from an electronic device to a nearby antenna.

84           (10) "Wire communication" means the same as that term is defined in Section  
85 [77-23a-3](#).

86 Section 3. Section 77-23c-102 is amended to read:

87 **77-23c-102. Electronic information or data privacy -- Warrant required for**  
88 **disclosure.**

89 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2) ~~[, a government entity]~~, for a criminal  
90 investigation or prosecution, a law enforcement agency may not obtain, without a search  
91 warrant issued by a court upon probable cause:

92 (i) the location information, stored data, or transmitted data of an electronic device  
93 [without a search warrant issued by a court upon probable cause.]; or

94 (ii) electronic information or data transmitted by the owner of the electronic  
95 information or data to a remote computing service provider.

96 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), a ~~[government entity]~~ law enforcement  
97 agency may not use, copy, or disclose, for any purpose, the location information, stored data,  
98 [or] transmitted data of an electronic device, or electronic information or data provided by a  
99 remote computing service provider, that [is not the subject of the warrant that is collected as  
100 part of an effort to obtain the location information, stored data, or transmitted data of the  
101 electronic device that is the subject of the warrant in Subsection (1)(a).]:

102 (i) is not the subject of the warrant; and

103 (ii) is collected as part of an effort to obtain the location information, stored data,  
104 transmitted data of an electronic device, or electronic information or data provided by a remote  
105 computing service provider that is the subject of the warrant in Subsection (1)(a).

106 (c) A ~~[government entity]~~ law enforcement agency may use, copy, or disclose the  
107 transmitted data of an electronic device used to communicate with the electronic device that is  
108 the subject of the warrant if the ~~[government entity]~~ law enforcement agency reasonably  
109 believes that the transmitted data is necessary to achieve the objective of the warrant.

110 (d) The electronic information or data described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be destroyed  
111 in an unrecoverable manner by the ~~[government entity]~~ law enforcement agency as soon as  
112 reasonably possible after the electronic information or data is collected.

113 (2) (a) A ~~[government entity]~~ law enforcement agency may obtain location information

114 without a warrant for an electronic device:

115 (i) in accordance with Section 53-10-104.5;

116 (ii) if the device is reported stolen by the owner;

117 (iii) with the informed, affirmative consent of the owner or user of the electronic  
118 device;

119 (iv) in accordance with a judicially recognized [~~exceptions~~] exception to warrant  
120 requirements; [~~or~~]

121 (v) if the owner has voluntarily and publicly disclosed the location information[.]; or

122 (vi) from the remote computing service provider if the remote computing service  
123 provider voluntarily discloses the location information:

124 (A) under a belief that an emergency exists involving an imminent risk to an individual  
125 of death, serious physical injury, sexual abuse, live-streamed sexual exploitation, kidnapping,  
126 or human trafficking; or

127 (B) that is inadvertently discovered by the remote computing service provider and  
128 appears to pertain to the commission of a felony, or of a misdemeanor involving physical  
129 violence, sexual abuse, or dishonesty.

130 (b) A law enforcement agency may obtain stored or transmitted data from an electronic  
131 device, or electronic information or data transmitted by the owner of the electronic information  
132 or data to a remote computing service provider, without a warrant:

133 (i) with the informed consent of the owner of the electronic device or electronic  
134 information or data;

135 (ii) in accordance with a judicially recognized exception to warrant requirements;

136 (iii) in connection with a report forwarded by the National Center for Missing and  
137 Exploited Children under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 2258A; or

138 (iv) subject to Subsection 77-23c-102(2)(a)(vi)(B), from a remote computing service  
139 provider if the remote computing service provider voluntarily discloses the stored or  
140 transmitted data as otherwise permitted under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 2702.

141 [~~(b)~~] (c) A prosecutor may obtain a judicial order as [~~defined~~] described in Section

142 [77-22-2.5](#) for the purposes enumerated in Section [77-22-2.5](#).

143 (3) An electronic communication service provider~~[-its]~~ or remote computing service  
144 provider, the provider's officers, employees, agents, or other specified persons may not be held  
145 liable for providing information, facilities, or assistance in [accordance with] good faith  
146 reliance on the terms of the warrant issued under this section or without a warrant [pursuant to]  
147 in accordance with Subsection (2).

148 ~~[(4)(a) Notwithstanding Subsections (1) through (3), a government entity may receive~~  
149 ~~and utilize electronic data containing the location information of an electronic device from a~~  
150 ~~non-government entity as long as the electronic data contains no information that includes, or~~  
151 ~~may reveal, the identity of an individual.]~~

152 ~~[(b) Electronic data collected in accordance with this subsection may not be used for~~  
153 ~~investigative purposes by a law enforcement agency.]~~

154 (4) Nothing in this chapter limits or affects the disclosure of public records under Title  
155 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.

156 (5) Nothing in this chapter affects the rights of an employer under Subsection  
157 34-48-202(1)(e) or an administrative rule adopted under Section 63F-1-206.

158 Section 4. Section **77-23c-103** is amended to read:

159 **77-23c-103. Notification required -- Delayed notification.**

160 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a ~~[government entity]~~ law enforcement  
161 agency that executes a warrant pursuant to Subsection [77-23c-102\(1\)\(a\)](#) or [77-23c-104\(3\)](#) shall,  
162 within 14 days after the day on which the [operation concludes] electronic information or data  
163 that is the subject of the warrant is obtained by the law enforcement agency, issue a notification  
164 to the owner of the electronic device or electronic information or data specified in the warrant  
165 that states:

166 ~~[(a)]~~ (i) that a warrant was applied for and granted;

167 ~~[(b)]~~ (ii) the kind of warrant issued;

168 ~~[(c)]~~ (iii) the period of time during which the collection of the electronic information or  
169 data [from the electronic device] was authorized;

170           ~~[(d)]~~ (iv) the offense specified in the application for the warrant;  
171           ~~[(e)]~~ (v) the identity of the ~~[government entity]~~ law enforcement agency that filed the  
172 application; and

173           ~~[(f)]~~ (vi) the identity of the judge who issued the warrant.

174           (b) The notification requirement under Subsection (1)(a) is not triggered until the  
175 owner of the electronic device or electronic information or data specified in the warrant is  
176 known, or could be reasonably identified, by the law enforcement agency.

177           (2) A ~~[government entity]~~ law enforcement agency seeking a warrant pursuant to  
178 Subsection 77-23c-102(1)(a) or 77-23c-104(3) may submit a request, and the court may grant  
179 permission, to delay the notification required by Subsection (1) for a period not to exceed 30  
180 days, if the court determines that there is ~~[probable]~~ reasonable cause to believe that the  
181 notification may:

- 182           (a) endanger the life or physical safety of an individual;
- 183           (b) cause a person to flee from prosecution;
- 184           (c) lead to the destruction of or tampering with evidence;
- 185           (d) intimidate a potential witness; or
- 186           (e) otherwise seriously jeopardize an investigation or unduly delay a trial.

187           (3) (a) When a delay of notification is granted under Subsection (2) and upon  
188 application by the ~~[government entity]~~ law enforcement agency, the court may grant additional  
189 extensions of up to 30 days each.

190           (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), when a delay of notification is granted under  
191 Subsection (2), and upon application by a law enforcement agency, the court may grant an  
192 additional extension of up to 60 days if the court determines that a delayed notification is  
193 justified because the investigation involving the warrant:

- 194           (i) is interstate in nature and sufficiently complex; or
- 195           (ii) is likely to extend up to or beyond an additional 60 days.

196           (4) Upon expiration of the period of delayed notification granted under Subsection (2)  
197 or (3), the ~~[government entity]~~ law enforcement agency shall serve upon or deliver by

198 first-class mail, or by other means if delivery is impracticable, to the owner of the electronic  
199 device or electronic information or data a copy of the warrant together with notice that:

200 (a) states with reasonable specificity the nature of the law enforcement inquiry; and

201 (b) contains:

202 (i) the information described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through ~~(v)~~ (vi);

203 (ii) a statement that notification of the search was delayed;

204 (iii) the name of the court that authorized the delay of notification; and

205 (iv) a reference to the provision of this chapter that allowed the delay of notification.

206 (5) A ~~[government entity]~~ law enforcement agency is not required to notify the owner  
207 of the electronic device or electronic information or data if the owner is located outside of the  
208 United States.

209 Section 5. Section **77-23c-104** is enacted to read:

210 **77-23c-104. Third-party electronic information or data.**

211 (1) As used in this section, "subscriber record" means a record or information of a  
212 provider of an electronic communication service or remote computing service that reveals the  
213 subscriber's or customer's:

214 (a) name;

215 (b) address;

216 (c) local and long distance telephone connection record, or record of session time and  
217 duration;

218 (d) length of service, including the start date;

219 (e) type of service used;

220 (f) telephone number, instrument number, or other subscriber or customer number or  
221 identification, including a temporarily assigned network address; and

222 (g) means and source of payment for the service, including a credit card or bank  
223 account number.

224 (2) Except as provided in Chapter 22, Subpoena Powers for Aid of Criminal  
225 Investigation and Grants of Immunity, a law enforcement agency may not obtain, use, copy, or



226 disclose a subscriber record.

227 (3) A law enforcement agency may not obtain, use, copy, or disclose, for a criminal  
228 investigation or prosecution, any record or information, other than a subscriber record, of a  
229 provider of an electronic communication service or remote computing service related to a  
230 subscriber or customer without a warrant.

231 (4) Notwithstanding Subsections (2) and (3), a law enforcement agency may obtain,  
232 use, copy, or disclose a subscriber record, or other record or information related to a subscriber  
233 or customer, without a warrant:

234 (a) with the informed, affirmed consent of the subscriber or customer;

235 (b) in accordance with a judicially recognized exception to warrant requirements;

236 (c) if the subscriber or customer voluntarily discloses the record in a manner that is  
237 publicly accessible; or

238 (d) if the provider of an electronic communication service or remote computing service  
239 voluntarily discloses the record:

240 (i) under a belief that an emergency exists involving the imminent risk to an individual  
241 of:

242 (A) death;

243 (B) serious physical injury;

244 (C) sexual abuse;

245 (D) live-streamed sexual exploitation;

246 (E) kidnapping; or

247 (F) human trafficking;

248 (ii) that is inadvertently discovered by the provider, if the record appears to pertain to  
249 the commission of:

250 (A) a felony; or

251 (B) a misdemeanor involving physical violence, sexual abuse, or dishonesty; or

252 (iii) subject to Subsection [77-23c-104\(4\)\(d\)\(ii\)](#), as otherwise permitted under 18 U.S.C.  
253 Sec. 2702.

254           (5) A provider of an electronic communication service or remote computing service, or  
255 the provider's officers, employees, agents, or other specified persons may not be held liable for  
256 providing information, facilities, or assistance in good faith reliance on the terms of a warrant  
257 issued under this section, or without a warrant in accordance with Subsection (3).

258           Section 6. Section **77-23c-105** is enacted to read:

259           **77-23c-105. Exclusion of records.**

260           All electronic information or data and records of a provider of an electronic  
261 communications service or remote computing service pertaining to a subscriber or customer  
262 that are obtained in violation of the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to the rules  
263 governing exclusion as if the records were obtained in violation of the Fourth Amendment to  
264 the United States Constitution and Utah Constitution, Article I, Section 14.